

31) Troben la sèrie de Fourier de $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{si } -\pi < x < 0 \\ x, & \text{si } 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$
 a l'interval $-\pi < x < \pi$.

Quant val $\mathcal{F}[f]$ a $x = \frac{7\pi}{2}$? I quant val a $x = 401\pi$?

$$\mathcal{F}[f](x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{T}x\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{T}x\right)) =$$

$$= \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx))$$

$(T=\pi)$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\pi} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$a_m = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \cos\left(\frac{m\pi}{T}x\right) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos(mx) dx =$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = x \rightarrow du = dx \\ dv = \cos(mx) dx \rightarrow v = \frac{\sin(mx)}{m} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[\frac{x \sin(mx)}{m} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\pi} - \frac{1}{m} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(mx) dx \right\} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{m\pi} \left[\frac{\cos(mx)}{m} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi m^2} (\cos(m\pi) - 1) = \frac{(-1)^m - 1}{\pi m^2}$$

$$b_m = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T}^T f(x) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{T}x\right) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin(mx) dx =$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = x \rightarrow du = dx \\ dv = \sin(mx) dx \rightarrow v = -\frac{\cos(mx)}{m} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[-\frac{x \cos(mx)}{m} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\pi} + \frac{1}{m} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(mx) dx \right\} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ -\frac{\pi \cos(m\pi)}{m} + \frac{1}{m} \left[\frac{\sin(mx)}{m} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\pi} \right\} = \frac{(-1)^{m+1}}{m}$$

$$\mathcal{F}[f]\left(\frac{7\pi}{2}\right) = \mathcal{F}[f]\left(\frac{7\pi}{2} - 4\pi\right) = \mathcal{F}[f]\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0 \quad \text{f continua en } x = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{F}[f](401\pi) = \mathcal{F}[f](401\pi - 400\pi) = \mathcal{F}[f](\pi) = \frac{\pi + 0}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{promis del salt en } x = \pi.$$