

(11) Em els casos següents calcular el límit

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) = 1 - \infty = -\infty.$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \left(x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}\right) = 0 + \infty = +\infty.$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\operatorname{cosec} x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \sqrt{x} \cdot \sin x = 0.$$

$$(d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+2}{\cot x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x+2) \operatorname{tg} x = 0.$$

$$(e) \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}} x \operatorname{Sec}(\pi x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}} \frac{x}{\cos(\pi x)} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} \frac{x}{\cos(\pi x)} = -\infty \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-} \frac{x}{\cos(\pi x)} = +\infty \end{array} \right\} = \text{DNE}$$

$$(f) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 1}{\sqrt{x} - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x} - 1) ((\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + \sqrt[3]{x} + 1) \cdot \sqrt{x} + 1}{(\sqrt{x} - 1) ((\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + \sqrt[3]{x} + 1) \sqrt{x} + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x-1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{(\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + \sqrt[3]{x} + 1} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{(\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + \sqrt[3]{x} + 1} = \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{on usem } (A-1)(A^2 + A + 1) = A^3 - 1$$

$$(A-1)(A+1) = A^2 - 1$$

$$(g) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x+x^2} - 1}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{1+x+x^2} - 1)(\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 1)}{x(\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 1)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x+x^2) - 1}{x(\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{1+x+x^2} + 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1} + 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(h) \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt[m]{x} - \sqrt[m]{a}}{x - a} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(\sqrt[m]{x} - \sqrt[m]{a}) \left[(\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-1} + (\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-2} \sqrt[m]{a} + \dots + (\sqrt[m]{a})^{m-1} \right]}{(x-a) \left[(\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-1} + (\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-2} \sqrt[m]{a} + \dots + (\sqrt[m]{a})^{m-1} \right]}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{1}{(\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-1} + (\sqrt[m]{x})^{m-2} \sqrt[m]{a} + \dots + (\sqrt[m]{a})^{m-1}} = \frac{1}{m(\sqrt[m]{a})^{m-1}} = \frac{1}{m a^{(m-1)/m}}$$

$$(i) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+p^2} - p}{\sqrt{x^2+q^2} - q} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+p^2} - p)(\sqrt{x^2+p^2} + p)(\sqrt{x^2+q^2} + q)}{(\sqrt{x^2+q^2} - q)(\sqrt{x^2+p^2} + p)(\sqrt{x^2+q^2} + q)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+q^2} + q}{\sqrt{x^2+p^2} + p} = \frac{q+q}{p+p} = \frac{q}{p}.$$